**ASSIGNMENT-17**

**1.Create a function that takes three arguments a, b, c and returns the sum of the numbers that are evenly divided by c from the range a, b inclusive ?**

**Examples:**  
`evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 20) ➞ 0

# No number between 1 and 10 can be evenly divided by 20.

evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 2) ➞ 30

# 2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 = 30

evenly\_divisible(1, 10, 3) ➞ 18

# 3 + 6 + 9 = 18`

In [37]:

**def** evenDivisible(a,b,c):

divList **=** []

**for** num **in** range(a,b**+**1):

**if** num**%c** == 0:

divList**.**append(num)

print(f'{a,b,c} ➞ {sum(divList)}')

evenDivisible(1,10,20)

evenDivisible(1,10,2)

evenDivisible(1,10,3)

(1, 10, 20) ➞ 0

(1, 10, 2) ➞ 30

(1, 10, 3) ➞ 18

**2.Create a function that returns True if a given inequality expression is correct and False otherwise ?**

**Examples:**  
correct\_signs("3 < 7 < 11") ➞ True  
correct\_signs("13 > 44 > 33 > 1") ➞ False  
correct\_signs("1 < 2 < 6 < 9 > 3") ➞ True

In [42]:

**def** checkEquality():

in\_string **=** input('Enter the inequality: ')

out\_bool **=** eval(in\_string)

print(f'{in\_string} ➞ {out\_bool}')

**for** x **in** range(3):

checkEquality()

Enter the inequality: 3 < 7 < 11

3 < 7 < 11 ➞ True

Enter the inequality: 13 > 44 > 33 > 1

13 > 44 > 33 > 1 ➞ False

Enter the inequality: 1 < 2 < 6 < 9 > 3

1 < 2 < 6 < 9 > 3 ➞ True

**3.Create a function that replaces all the vowels in a string with a specified character ?**

**Examples:**  
replace\_vowels("the aardvark", "#") ➞ "th# ##rdv#rk"  
replace\_vowels("minnie mouse", "?") ➞ "m?nn?? m??s?"  
replace\_vowels("shakespeare", "\*") ➞ "shksp\*\*r"

In [20]:

**def** replaceVowels():

vowels **=** ['a','e','i','o','u','A','E','I','O','U']

in\_string **=** input("String: ")

in\_string\_copy **=** in\_string

in\_char **=** input('Replacement character: ')

**for** ele **in** in\_string:

**if** ele **in** vowels:

in\_string **=** in\_string**.**replace(ele,in\_char)

print(f'{in\_string\_copy} {in\_char} ➞ {in\_string}')

**for** x **in** range(3):

replaceVowels()

String: the aardvark

Replacement character: #

the aardvark # ➞ th# ##rdv#rk

String: minnie mouse

Replacement character: ?

minnie mouse ? ➞ m?nn?? m??s?

String: shakespeare

Replacement character: \*

shakespeare \* ➞ sh\*k\*sp\*\*r\*

**4.Write a function that calculates the factorial of a number recursively ?**

**Examples:**  
factorial(5) ➞ 120  
factorial(3) ➞ 6  
factorial(1) ➞ 1  
factorial(0) ➞ 1

In [26]:

**def** factorial(n):

**if** n**==**0:

**return** 1

**return** n **\*** factorial(n**-**1)

print(f'factorial(5) ➞ {factorial(5)}')

print(f'factorial(3) ➞ {factorial(3)}')

print(f'factorial(1) ➞ {factorial(1)}')

print(f'factorial(0) ➞ {factorial(0)}')

factorial(5) ➞ 120

factorial(3) ➞ 6

factorial(1) ➞ 1

factorial(0) ➞ 1

**5.Hamming distance is the number of characters that differ between two strings ?**

To illustrate:  
String1: "abcbba"  
String2: "abcbda"  
Hamming Distance: 1 - "b" vs. "d" is the only difference.  
Create a function that computes the hamming distance between two strings.  
**Examples:**  
hamming\_distance("abcde", "bcdef") ➞ 5  
hamming\_distance("abcde", "abcde") ➞ 0  
hamming\_distance("strong", "strung") ➞ 1

In [31]:

**def** genHamDistance():

in\_string\_1 **=** input('Enter the String\_1: ')

in\_string\_2 **=** input('Enter the String\_2: ')

**if** len(in\_string\_1) **==** len(in\_string\_2):

count **=** 0

**for** i **in** range(len(in\_string\_1)):

**if** in\_string\_1[i] **!=** in\_string\_2[i]:

count **=** count**+**1

print(f'Hamning Distance b/w {in\_string\_1} and {in\_string\_2} ➞ {count}')

**else**:

print('Both Strings Must be of Same Length')

**for** x **in** range(3):

genHamDistance()

Enter the String\_1: abcde

Enter the String\_2: bcdef

Hamning Distance b/w abcde and bcdef ➞ 5

Enter the String\_1: abcde

Enter the String\_2: abcde

Hamning Distance b/w abcde and abcde ➞ 0

Enter the String\_1: strong

Enter the String\_2: strung

Hamning Distance b/w strong and strung ➞ 1